

PARI-GP Reference Card

(PARI-GP version 2.5.0)

Note: optional arguments are surrounded by braces {}.

Starting & Stopping GP

to enter GP, just type its name:

gp
\q or quit

Help

describe function
extended description
list of relevant help topics

?function
??keyword
???:pattern

Input/Output & Defaults

output previous line, the lines before
output from line n
separate multiple statements on line
extend statement on additional lines
extend statements on several lines
comment
one-line comment, rest of line ignored
set default d to val default({ d }, { val }, { $flag$ })
mimic behavior of GP 1.39 default(compatible,3)

Metacommands

toggle timer on/off
print time for last result
print % n in raw format
print defaults
set debug level to n
set memory debug level to n
enable/disable logfile
print % n in pretty matrix format
set output mode (raw=0, default=1)
set n significant digits
set n terms in series
quit GP
print the list of PARI types
print the list of user-defined functions
read file into GP
write % n to file

GP Within Emacs

to enter GP from within Emacs:
word completion
help menu window
describe function
display TeX'd PARI manual
set prompt string
break line at column 100, insert \
PARI metacommand \letter

M-x gp, C-u M-x gp
<TAB>
M-\c
M-?
M-x gpman
M-\p
M-\\"\
M-\letter

Reserved Variable Names

$\pi = 3.14159\dots$
Euler's constant = .57721\dots
square root of -1
big-oh notation

Pi
Euler
I
O

PARI Types & Input Formats

t_INT/t_REAL. Integers, Reals
t_INTMOD. Integers modulo m
t_FRAC. Rational Numbers
t_FFELT. Elt in a Finite Field
t_COMPLEX. Complex Numbers
t_PADIC. p -adic Numbers
t_QUAD. Quadratic Numbers
t_POLMOD. Polynomials modulo g
t_POL. Polynomials
t_SER. Power Series
t_QFI/t_QFR. Imag/Real bin. quad. forms Qfb($a, b, c, \{d\}$)
t_VEC/t_COL. Row/Column Vectors
t_MAT. Matrices
t_LIST. Lists
t_STR. Strings

$\pm n$, $\pm n.ddd$
Mod(n, m)
 n/m
ffgen(T)
 $x + y * I$
 $x + O(p^k)$
 $x + y * \text{quadgen}(D)$
Mod(f, g)
 $a * x^n + \dots + b$
 $f + O(x^k)$
Qfb($a, b, c, \{d\}$)
 f/g
[x, y, z], [x, y, z]~
[$x, y, z; t; u, v$]
List([x, y, z])
"aaa"

Standard Operators

basic operations
 $i=i+1, i=i-1, i=i*j, \dots$
euclidean quotient, remainder
shift x left or right n bits
comparison operators
boolean operators (or, and, not)
sign of $x = -1, 0, 1$
maximum/minimum of x and y
integer or real factorial of x
derivative of f w.r.t. x

+, -, *, /, ^
i++, i--, i=j, ...
 $x \backslash y$, $x \backslash y$, $x \backslash y$, divrem(x, y)
 $x \ll n$, $x \gg n$ or shift($x, \pm n$)
 $\leq, <, \geq, >, ==, !=$
||, &&, !
sign(x)
max, min(x, y)
 $x!$ or factorial(x)
 f'

Conversions

Change Objects
to vector, matrix, set, list, string
create PARI object (x mod y)
make x a polynomial of v
as above, starting with constant term
make x a power series of v
PARI type of object x
object x with precision n
evaluate f replacing vars by their value

Col/Vec,Mat,Set,List,Str
Mod(x, y)
Pol($x, \{v\}$)
Polrev($x, \{v\}$)
Ser($x, \{v\}$)
type(x)
prec($x, \{n\}$)
eval(f)

Select Pieces of an Object

length of x
 n -th component of x
 n -th component of vector/list x
(m, n)-th component of matrix x
row m or column n of matrix x
numerator of x
lowest denominator of x

x or length(x)
component(x, n)
 $x[n]$
 $x[m, n]$
 $x[m,], x[, n]$
numerator(x)
denominator(x)

Conjugates and Lifts

conjugate of a number x
conjugate vector of algebraic number x
norm of x , product with conjugate
square of L^2 norm of vector x
lift of x from Mods

conj(x)
conjvec(x)
norm(x)
norml2(x)
lift, centerlift(x)

Random Numbers

random integer between 0 and $N - 1$
get random seed
set random seed to s

random({ N })
getrand()
setrand(s)

Lists, Sets & Sorting

sort x by k th component
Sets (= row vector of strings with strictly increasing entries)
intersection of sets x and y
set of elements in x not belonging to y
union of sets x and y
look if y belongs to the set x

vecsort($x, \{k\}, \{fl = 0\}$)
setintersect(x, y)
setminus(x, y)
setunion(x, y)
setsearch($x, y, \{flag\}$)

Lists
create empty list L
append x to list L
remove i -th component from list L
insert x in list L at position i
sort the list L in place

$L = \text{List}()$
listput($L, x, \{i\}$)
listpop($L, \{i\}$)
listinsert(L, x, i)
listsort($L, \{flag\}$)

Programming & User Functions

Control Statements (X : formal parameter in expression seq)
eval. seq for $a \leq X \leq b$
eval. seq for X dividing n
eval. seq for primes $a \leq X \leq b$
eval. seq for $a \leq X \leq b$ stepping s
multivariable for
if $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq1, else seq2
evaluate seq until $a \neq 0$
while $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq
exit n innermost enclosing loops
start new iteration of n th enclosing loop
return x from current subroutine
error recovery (try seq1)
Input/Output

for($X = a, b, seq$)
fordiv(n, X, seq)
forprime($X = a, b, seq$)
forstep($X = a, b, s, seq$)
forvec($X = v, seq$)
if($a, \{seq1\}, \{seq2\}$)
until(a, seq)
while(a, seq)
break({ n })
next({ n })
return({ x })
trap({ err }, { $seq2$ }, { $seq1$ })

print(), print1()
printf()
input()
printtex(args)
write, write1, writetex(file, args)
read({ $file$ })

Interface with User and System
allocatemem({ s })
system(a)
extern(a)
install($f, code, \{gp\}, \{lib\}$)
alias(old , new)
whatnow(f)

User Defined Functions
name(formal vars) = my(local vars); seq
struct.member = seq
kill value of variable or function x
kill(x)

Iterations, Sums & Products

numerical integration
sum $expr$ over divisors of n
sum $X = a$ to $X = b$, initialized at x
sum of series $expr$
sum of alternating/positive series
product $a \leq X \leq b$, initialized at x
product over primes $a \leq X \leq b$
infinite product $a \leq X \leq \infty$
real root of $expr$ between a and b

intnum($X = a, b, expr, \{flag\}$)
sumdiv($n, X, expr$)
sum($X = a, b, expr, \{x\}$)
suminf($X = a, expr$)
sumalt, sumpos
prod($X = a, b, expr, \{x\}$)
prodeuler($X = a, b, expr$)
prodinf($X = a, expr$)
solve($X = a, b, expr$)

Vectors & Matrices

dimensions of matrix x
concatenation of x and y
extract components of x
transpose of vector or matrix x
adjoint of the matrix x
eigenvectors of matrix x
characteristic polynomial of x
minimal polynomial of x
trace of matrix x

Constructors & Special Matrices

row vec. of $expr$ eval'ed at $1 \leq i \leq n$ $\text{vector}(n, \{i\}, \{\text{expr}\})$
col. vec. of $expr$ eval'ed at $1 \leq i \leq n$ $\text{vectorv}(n, \{i\}, \{\text{expr}\})$
matrix $1 \leq i \leq m, 1 \leq j \leq n$ $\text{matrix}(m, n, \{i\}, \{j\}, \{\text{expr}\})$
diagonal matrix with diagonal x $\text{matdiagonal}(x)$
 $n \times n$ identity matrix $\text{matid}(n)$
Hessenberg form of square matrix x $\text{mathess}(x)$
 $n \times n$ Hilbert matrix $H_{ij} = (i+j-1)^{-1}$ $\text{mathilbert}(n)$
 $n \times n$ Pascal triangle $P_{ij} = \binom{i}{j}$ $\text{matpascal}(n-1)$
companion matrix to polynomial x $\text{matcompanion}(x)$

Gaussian elimination

determinant of matrix x
kernel of matrix x
intersection of column spaces of x and y
solve $M * X = B$ (M invertible)
as solve, modulo D (col. vector)
one sol of $M * X = B$
basis for image of matrix x
supplement columns of x to get basis
rows, cols to extract invertible matrix
rank of the matrix x

matdet($x, \{\text{flag}\}$)
matker($x, \{\text{flag}\}$)
matintersect(x, y)
matsolve(M, B)
matsolvemod(M, D, B)
matinverseimage(M, B)
matimage(x)
matsupplement(x)
matindexrank(x)
matrank(x)

Lattices & Quadratic Forms

upper triangular Hermite Normal Form
HNF of x where d is a multiple of $\det(x)$
elementary divisors of x
LLL-algorithm applied to columns of x
like **qflll**, x is Gram matrix of lattice
LLL-reduced basis for kernel of x
Z-lattice \longleftrightarrow Q-vector space
signature of quad form $t_y * x * y$
decomp into squares of $t_y * x * y$
find up to m sols of $t_y * x * y \leq b$
 $v, v[i]$:= number of sols of $t_y * x * y = i$
eigenvals/eigenvecs for real symmetric x

mathnf(x)
mathnfmmod(x, d)
matinsn(x)
qflll($x, \{\text{flag}\}$)
qfllgram($x, \{\text{flag}\}$)
matkerint(x)
matrixqz(x, p)
qfsign(x)
qfgaussred(x)
qfminim(x, b, m)
qfrexp($x, B, \{\text{flag}\}$)
qfjacobi(x)

Formal & p-adic Series

truncate power series or p -adic number
valuation of x at p
Dirichlet and Power Series
Taylor expansion around 0 of f w.r.t. x
 $\sum a_k b_k t^k$ from $\sum a_k t^k$ and $\sum b_k t^k$
 $f = \sum a_k t^k$ from $\sum (a_k/k!) t^k$
reverse power series F so $F(f(x)) = x$
Dirichlet series multiplication / division
Dirichlet Euler product (b terms) $\text{direuler}(p=a, b, \text{expr})$

p-adic Functions

Teichmuller character of x
Newton polygon of f for prime p

teichmuller(x)
newtonpoly(f, p)

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Polynomials & Rational Functions

degree of f
coefficient of degree n of f
round coeffs of f to nearest integer
gcd of coefficients of f
replace x by y in f
discriminant of polynomial f
resultant of f and g $\text{polresultant}(f, g, \{v\}, \{\text{flag}\})$
as above, give $[u, v, d], xu + yv = d$
derivative of f w.r.t. x
formal integral of f w.r.t. x
reciprocal poly $x^{\deg f} f(1/x)$
interpol. pol. eval. at a $\text{polinterpolate}(X, \{Y\}, \{a\}, \{\&e\})$
initialize t for Thue equation solver
solve Thue equation $f(x, y) = a$

Roots and Factorization

number of real roots of f , $a < x \leq b$
complex roots of f
symmetric powers of roots of f up to n $\text{polsturm}(f, \{a\}, \{b\})$
roots of f mod p $\text{polroots}(f)$
factor f
factorization of f mod p
factorization of f over \mathbf{F}_{p^a}
 p -adic fact. of f to prec. r
 p -adic roots of f to prec. r
 p -adic root of f cong. to a mod p
Newton polygon of f for prime p

Special Polynomials

n th cyclotomic polynomial in var. v
 d -th degree subfield of $\mathbf{Q}(\zeta_n)$
 n -th Legendre polynomial
 n -th Tchebicheff polynomial $\text{polchebyshev}(n, \{\text{flag}\}, \{v = x\})$
Zagier's polynomial of index n, m $\text{polzagier}(n, m)$

Transcendental Functions

real, imaginary part of x
absolute value, argument of x
square/nth root of x
trig functions
inverse trig functions
hyperbolic functions
inverse hyperbolic functions
exponential of x
natural log of x
gamma function $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{x-1} dt$
logarithm of gamma function
 $\psi(x) = \Gamma'(x)/\Gamma(x)$
incomplete gamma function ($y = \Gamma(s)$)
exponential integral $\int_x^\infty e^{-t}/t dt$
error function $2/\sqrt{\pi} \int_x^\infty e^{-t^2} dt$
dilogarithm of x
 m th polylogarithm of x
U-confluent hypergeometric function
J-Bessel function, $J_{n+1/2}(x)$ $\text{besselj}(n, x), \text{besseljh}(n, x)$
K-Bessel function of index nu $\text{besseli}(nu, x)$

Elementary Arithmetic Functions

vector of binary digits of $|x|$
give bit number n of integer x
ceiling of x
floor of x
fractional part of x
round x to nearest integer
truncate x
gcd/LCM of x and y
gcd of entries of a vector/matrix

Primes and Factorization

add primes in v to the prime table
the n th prime
vector of first n primes
smallest prime $\geq x$
largest prime $\leq x$
factorization of x
reconstruct x from its factorization

Divisors

number of distinct prime divisors
number of prime divisors with mult
number of divisors of x
row vector of divisors of x
sum of (k -th powers of) divisors of x

Special Functions and Numbers

binomial coefficient $\binom{x}{y}$
Bernoulli number B_n as real
Bernoulli vector B_0, B_2, \dots, B_{2n}
 n th Fibonacci number
number of partitions of n
Euler ϕ -function
Möbius μ -function
Hilbert symbol of x and y (at p)
Kronecker-Legendre symbol $(\frac{x}{y})$

Miscellaneous

integer or real factorial of x
integer square root of x
solve $z \equiv x$ and $z \equiv y$
minimal u, v so $xu + yv = \gcd(x, y)$
multiplicative order of x (intmod) ($i=o$)
primitive root mod prime power q
structure of $(\mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z})^*$
continued fraction of x
last convergent of continued fraction x
best rational approximation to x

True-False Tests

is x the disc. of a quadratic field?
is x a prime?
is x a strong pseudo-prime?
is x square-free?
is x a square?
is pol irreducible?

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman
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PARI-GP Reference Card (2)

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Elliptic Curves

Elliptic curve initially given by 5-tuple $E = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$.

Points are $[x, y]$, the origin is $[0]$.

Initialize elliptic struct. ell , i.e create $\text{ellinit}(E, \{\text{flag}\})$

$a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6, b_2, b_4, b_6, b_8, c_4, c_6, disc, j$. This data can be recovered by typing $ell.a1, \dots, ell.j$. If flag omitted, also

- E defined over \mathbf{R}

x -coords. of points of order 2

real and complex periods

associated quasi-periods

volume of complex lattice

- E defined over \mathbf{Q}_p , $|j|_p > 1$

x -coord. of unit 2 torsion point

Tate's $[u^2, u, q]$

Mestre's w

change curve E using $v = [u, r, s, t]$

change point z using $v = [u, r, s, t]$

add points $z_1 + z_2$

subtract points $z_1 - z_2$

compute $n \cdot z$

check if z is on E

order of torsion point z

y -coordinates of point(s) for x

point $[\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$ corresp. to z

complex z such that $p = [\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$

Curves over finite fields, Pairings

random point on E

structure $\mathbf{Z}/d_1\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/d_2\mathbf{Z}$ of $E(\mathbf{F}_p)$

$\text{ellgroup}(ell, p)$

Weil pairing of m -torsion pts x, y $\text{ellweilpairing}(ell, x, y, m)$

Tate pairing of x, y ; x m -torsion $\text{elltatepairing}(ell, x, y, m)$

Curves over \mathbf{Q} and the L -function

canonical bilinear form taken at z_1, z_2 $\text{ellbil}(ell, z_1, z_2)$

canonical height of z $\text{ellheight}(ell, z, \{\text{flag}\})$

height regulator matrix for pts in x $\text{ellheightmatrix}(ell, x)$

cond, min mod, Tamagawa num $[N, v, c]$ $\text{ellglobalred}(ell)$

Kodaira type of p -fiber of E $\text{elllocalred}(ell, p)$

minimal model of E/\mathbf{Q} $\text{ellminimalmodel}(ell, \{\&v\})$

p th coeff a_p of L -function, p prime $\text{ellap}(ell, p)$

k th coeff a_k of L -function $\text{ellak}(ell, k)$

vector of first n a_p 's in L -function $\text{ellan}(ell, n)$

$L(E, s)$, set $A \approx 1$ $\text{ellseries}(ell, s, \{A\})$

order of vanishing at 1 $\text{ellanalyticrank}(ell, \{\text{eps}\})$

$L^{(r)}(E, 1)$ $\text{ellL1}(ell, r)$

root number for $L(E, .)$ at p $\text{ellrootno}(ell, \{p\})$

torsion subgroup with generators $\text{elltors}(ell)$

modular parametrization of E $\text{elltaniyama}(ell)$

Elldata package, Cremona's database:

db code \leftrightarrow [$\text{conductor}, \text{class}, \text{index}$]

generators of Mordell-Weil group $\text{ellgenerators}(E)$

look up E in database $\text{ellidentify}(E)$

all curves matching criterion $\text{ellsearch}(N)$

loop over curves with cond. from a to b $\text{forell}(E, a, b, \text{seq})$

Elliptic & Modular Functions

arithmetic-geometric mean

elliptic j -function $1/q + 744 + \dots$

Weierstrass σ function

Weierstrass ϕ function

Weierstrass ζ function

modified Dedekind η func. $\prod(1 - q^n)$

Jacobi sine theta function

k -th derivative at $z=0$ of $\text{theta}(q, z)$

Weber's f functions

Riemann's zeta $\zeta(s) = \sum n^{-s}$

$\text{agm}(x, y)$

$\text{ellj}(x)$

$\text{ellsigma}(ell, z, \{\text{flag}\})$

$\text{ellwp}(ell, \{z\}, \{\text{flag}\})$

$\text{ellzeta}(ell, z)$

$\text{eta}(x, \{\text{flag}\})$

$\text{theta}(q, z)$

$\text{thetanullk}(q, k)$

$\text{weber}(x, \{\text{flag}\})$

$\text{zeta}(s)$

Graphic Functions

crude graph of expr between a and b $\text{plot}(X = a, b, \text{expr})$

High-resolution plot (immediate plot)

$\text{plot(expr between } a \text{ and } b)$ $\text{plot(X = a, b, expr, \{flag\}, \{n\})}$

plot points given by lists lx, ly $\text{plotraw}(lx, ly, \{\text{flag}\})$

terminal dimensions $\text{plotsizes}()$

Rectwindow functions

init window w , with size x, y

erase window w

copy w to w_2 with offset (dx, dy)

scale coordinates in w

plot in w

plotdraw in w

draw window w_1 at $(x_1, y_1), \dots$

Low-level Rectwindow Functions

set current drawing color in w to c

current position of cursor in w

write s at cursor's position

move cursor to (x, y)

move cursor to $(x + dx, y + dy)$

draw a box to (x_2, y_2)

draw a box to $(x + dx, y + dy)$

draw polygon

draw points

draw line to $(x + dx, y + dy)$

draw point $(x + dx, y + dy)$

Postscript Functions

as plot

as plotraw

as plotdraw

$\text{psplot}(X = a, b, \text{expr}, \{\text{flag}\}, \{n\})$

$\text{psplotraw}(lx, ly, \{\text{flag}\})$

$\text{psdraw}([w_1, x_1, y_1], \dots)$

Binary Quadratic Forms

create $ax^2 + bxy + cy^2$ (distance d)

$\text{Qfb}(a, b, c, \{d\})$

reduce x ($s = \sqrt{D}$, $l = \lfloor s \rfloor$)

$\text{qfbred}(x, \{\text{flag}\}, \{D\}, \{l\}, \{s\})$

composition of forms

$x * y$ or $\text{qfbnocomp}(x, y, l)$

n -th power of form

x^n or $\text{qfbnupow}(x, n)$

composition without reduction

$\text{qfbcompraw}(x, y)$

n -th power without reduction

$\text{qfbpowraw}(x, n)$

prime form of disc. x above prime p

$\text{qfbprimeform}(x, p)$

class number of disc. x

$\text{qfbclassno}(x)$

Hurwitz class number of disc. x

$\text{qfbhclassno}(x)$

Quadratic Fields

quadratic number $\omega = \sqrt{x}$ or $(1 + \sqrt{x})/2$

$\text{quadgen}(x)$

minimal polynomial of ω

$\text{quadpoly}(x)$

discriminant of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$

$\text{quaddisc}(x)$

regulator of real quadratic field

$\text{quadregulator}(x)$

fundamental unit in real $\mathbf{Q}(x)$

$\text{quadunit}(x)$

class group of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$

$\text{quadclassunit}(D, \{\text{flag}\}, \{t\})$

Hilbert class field of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$

$\text{quadhilbert}(D, \{\text{flag}\})$

ray class field modulo f of $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$

$\text{quadray}(D, f, \{\text{flag}\})$

General Number Fields: Initializations

A number field K is given by a monic irreducible $f \in \mathbf{Z}[X]$.

init number field structure nf

$\text{nfinit}(f, \{\text{flag}\})$

nf members:

polynomial defining nf , $f(\theta) = 0$

nf.pol

number of real/complex places

nf.r1/r2/sign

discriminant of nf

nf.disc

T_2 matrix

nf.t2

vector of roots of f

nf.roots

nf.zk

nf.diff

nf.codiff

nf.index

recompute nf using current precision

$\text{nfnewprec}(nf)$

init relative rnf given by $g = 0$ over K

$\text{rnfinit}(nf, g)$

init bnf structure

$\text{bnfinit}(bnf, m, \{\text{flag}\})$

bnf members:

same as nf , plus

underlying bnf

classgroup

bnf.clgp

regulator

bnf.reg

fundamental units

bnf.fu

torsion units

bnf.tu

compute a bnf from small bnf

$\text{bnfinit}(sbnf)$

add S -class group and units, yield bnf

$\text{bnfsunit}(nf, S)$

init class field structure bnr

$\text{bnrinit}(bnr, m, \{\text{flag}\})$

bnr members:

same as bnf , plus

underlying bnf

big ideal structure

bnr.bid

modulus

bnr.mod

structure of $(\mathbf{Z}_K/m)^*$

bnr.zkst

Basic Number Field Arithmetic (nf)

Elements are `t_INT`, `t_FRAC`, `t_POL`, `t_POLMOD`, or `t_COL` (on integral basis `nf.zk`). Basic operations (prefix `nfelt`): (`nfelt`)`add`, `mul`, `pow`, `div`, `diveuc`, `mod`, `divrem`, `val`, `trace`, `norm`
express x on integer basis
express element x as a polmod
reverse polmod $a = A(X) \bmod T(X)$
integral basis of field def. by $f = 0$
field discriminant of field $f = 0$
Galois group of field $f = 0$, $\deg f \leq 11$
smallest poly defining $f = 0$
small polys defining subfields of $f = 0$
poly of degree $\leq k$ with root $x \in \mathbf{C}$
small linear rel. on coords of vector x
are fields $f = 0$ and $g = 0$ isomorphic?
is field $f = 0$ a subfield of $g = 0$?
compositum of $f = 0, g = 0$ `polcompositum(f, g, {flag})`
subfields (of degree d) of nf `nfsubfields(nf, {d})`
roots of unity in nf `nfroots(nf)`
roots of g belonging to nf `nfroots({nf}, g)`
factor g in nf `nffactor(nf, g)`
factor g mod prime pr in nf `nffactormod(nf, g, pr)`
conjugates of a root θ of nf `nfgaloisconj(nf, {flag})`
apply Galois automorphism s to x `nfgaloisapply(nf, s, x)`
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p) `nfhilbert(nf, a, b, {p})`
Dedekind Zeta Function ζ_K
 ζ_K as Dirichlet series, $N(I) < b$
init `nfz` for field $f = 0$
compute $\zeta_K(s)$
Artin root number of K `bnrrootnumber(bnr, chi, {flag})`

Class Groups & Units (bnf, bnr)

$a_1, \{a_2\}, \{a_3\}$ usually `bnr`, `subgp` or `bnf`, `module`, `{subgp}`
remove GRH assumption from `bnf` `bnfcertify(bnf)`
expo. of ideal x on class gp `bnfisprincipal(bnf, x, {flag})`
expo. of ideal x on ray class gp `bnrisprincipal(bnr, x, {flag})`
expo. of x on fund. units `bnfisunit(bnf, x)`
as above for S -units `bnfissunit(bnfs, x)`
signs of real embeddings of `bnf.fu` `bnfsignunit(bnf)`

Class Field Theory
ray class number for mod. m `bnrclassno(bnf, m)`
discriminant of class field ext `bnrdisc(a1, {a2}, {a3})`
ray class numbers, l list of mods `bnrclassnolist(bnf, l)`
discriminants of class fields `bnrdisclist(bnf, l, {arch}, {flag})`
decode output from `bnrdisclist` `bnfdecodemodule(nf, fa)`
is modulus the conductor? `bnrisconductor(a1, {a2}, {a3})`
conductor of character χ `bnrconductor(bnr, chi)`
conductor of extension `bnrconductor(a1, {a2}, {a3}, {flag})`
conductor of extension def. by g `rnfconductor(bnf, g)`
Artin group of ext. def'd by g `rnfnormgroup(bnr, g)`
subgroups of `bnr`, index $\leq b$ `subgrouplist(bnr, b, {flag})`
rel. eq. for class field def'd by `sub` `rnfkummer(bnr, sub, {d})`
same, using Stark units (real field) `bnrstark(bnr, sub, {flag})`

PARI-GP Reference Card (2)

(PARI-GP version 2.5.0)

Ideals

Ideals are elements, primes, or matrix of generators in HNF.
is id an ideal in nf ? `nfisideal(nf, id)`
is x principal in bnf ? `bnfisprincipal(bnf, x)`
principal ideal generated by x `idealprincipal(nf, x)`
principal idele generated by x `ideleprincipal(nf, x)`
give $[a, b]$, s.t. $a\mathbf{Z}_K + b\mathbf{Z}_K = x$ `idealtwoelt(nf, x, {a})`
put ideal a ($a\mathbf{Z}_K + b\mathbf{Z}_K$) in HNF form `idealhnf(nf, a, {b})`
norm of ideal x `idealnorm(nf, x)`
minimum of ideal x (direction v) `idealmin(nf, x, v)`
LLL-reduce the ideal x (direction v) `idealred(nf, x, {v})`
Ideal Operations
add ideals x and y `idealadd(nf, x, y)`
multiply ideals x and y `idealmul(nf, x, y, {flag})`
intersection of ideals x and y `idealintersect(nf, x, y, {flag})`
 n -th power of ideal x `idealpow(nf, x, n, {flag})`
inverse of ideal x `idealinv(nf, x)`
divide ideal x by y `idealdiv(nf, x, y, {flag})`
Find $(a, b) \in x \times y$, $a + b = 1$ `idealaddtoone(nf, x, {y})`
Primes and Multiplicative Structure

factor ideal x in nf `idealfactor(nf, x)`
expand ideal factorization in nf `idealfactorback(nf, f, e)`
decomposition of prime p in nf `idealprimedec(nf, p)`
valuation of x at prime ideal pr `idealval(nf, x, pr)`
weak approximation theorem in nf `idealchinese(nf, x, y)`
give bid =structure of $(\mathbf{Z}_K/id)^*$ `idealstar(nf, id, {flag})`
discrete log of x in $(\mathbf{Z}_K/bid)^*$ `ideallog(nf, x, bid)`
idealstar of all ideals of norm $\leq b$ `ideallist(nf, b, {flag})`
add Archimedean places `ideallistarch(nf, b, {ar}, {flag})`
init `prmod` structure `nfmodprinit(nf, pr)`
kernel of matrix M in $(\mathbf{Z}_K/pr)^*$ `nfkermodpr(nf, M, prmod)`
solve $Mx = B$ in $(\mathbf{Z}_K/pr)^*$ `nfsolvemodpr(nf, M, B, prmod)`

Galois theory over \mathbf{Q}

initializes a Galois group structure `galoisinit(pol, {den})`
action of p in `nfgaloisconj` form `galoispermtopol(G, {p})`
identifies as abstract group `galoisidentify(G)`
exports a group for GAP or MAGMA `galoisexport(G, {flag})`
subgroups of the Galois group G `galoissubgroups(G)`
subfields from subgroups of G `galoissubfields(G, {flag}, {v})`
fixed field `galoisfixedfield(G, perm, {flag}, {v})`
is G abelian? `galoisisabelian(G, {flag})`
abelian number fields `galoissubcyclo(N, H, {flag}, {v})`

Relative Number Fields (rnf)

Extension L/K is defined by $g \in K[x]$. We have $order \subset L$.
absolute equation of L `rnfequation(nf, g, {flag})`
relative `nfalgobasis` `rnfalgobasis(rnf, x)`
relative `nfbasioalg` `rnfbasistoalg(rnf, x)`
relative `idealhnf` `rnfidealhnf(rnf, x)`
relative `idealmul` `rnfidealmul(rnf, x, y)`
relative `idealtwoelt` `rnfidealtwoelt(rnf, x)`

Lifts and Push-downs

absolute \rightarrow relative repres. for x
relative \rightarrow absolute repres. for x
lift x to the relative field
push x down to the base field
idem for x ideal: `(rnfideal)reltoabs`, `abstorel`, `up`, `down`

Projective \mathbf{Z}_K -modules, maximal order

relative `polred` `rnfpolred(nf, g)`
relative `polredabs` `rnfpolredabs(nf, g)`
characteristic poly. of a mod g `rnfcharpoly(nf, g, a, {v})`
relative Dedekind criterion, prime pr `rnfdeudekind(nf, g, pr)`
discriminant of relative extension `rnfdisc(nf, g)`
pseudo-basis of \mathbf{Z}_L `rnfpsseudobasis(nf, g)`
relative HNF basis of $order$ `rnfhnfbasis(bnf, order)`
reduced basis for $order$ `rnfllgram(nf, g, order)`
determinant of pseudo-matrix A `rnfdet(nf, A)`
Steinitz class of $order$ `rnfsteinitz(nf, order)`
is $order$ a free \mathbf{Z}_K -module? `rnfisfree(bnf, order)`
true basis of $order$, if it is free `rnbfbasis(bnf, order)`
Norms

absolute norm of ideal x `rnfidealnumabs(rnf, x)`
relative norm of ideal x `rnfidealnumrel(rnf, x)`
solutions of $N_K/\mathbf{Q}(y) = x \in \mathbf{Z}$ `bnfisintnorm(bnf, x)`
is $x \in \mathbf{Q}$ a norm from K ? `bnfisnorm(bnf, x, {flag})`
initialize T for norm eq. solver `rnfisnorminit(K, pol, {flag})`
is $a \in K$ a norm from L ? `rnfisnorm(T, a, {flag})`

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