

Elliptic Curves

(PARI-GP version 2.8.0)

Elliptic curve initially given by 5-tuple $v = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ attached to Weierstrass model or simply $[a_4, a_6]$. Must be converted to an *ell* struct.

Initialize *ell* struct over domain D

over \mathbf{Q}	<code>E = ellinit(v, {D = 1})</code>
over \mathbf{F}_p	<code>D = 1</code>
over \mathbf{F}_q , $q = p^f$	<code>D = p</code>
over \mathbf{Q}_p , precision n	<code>D = ffgen([p, f])</code>
over \mathbf{C} , current bitprecision	<code>D = O(p^n)</code>
over number field K	<code>D = 1.0</code>
	<code>D = nf</code>

Points are $[x, y]$, the origin is $[0]$. Struct members accessed as

E.member:

- All domains: $E.a1, a2, a3, a4, a6, b2, b4, b6, b8, c4, c6, disc, j$

- E defined over \mathbf{R} or \mathbf{C}

x -coords. of points of order 2
periods / quasi-periods
volume of complex lattice

- E defined over \mathbf{Q}_p
residual characteristic
If $|j|_p > 1$: Tate's $[u^2, u, q, [a, b], \mathcal{L}]$

- E defined over \mathbf{F}_q
characteristic
 $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$ /cyclic structure/generators

- E defined over \mathbf{Q}
generators of $E(\mathbf{Q})$ (require *elldata*)

$[a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ from j -invariant
cubic/quartic/biquadratic to Weierstrass
add points $P + Q / P - Q$

negate point

compute $n \cdot z$

check if z is on E

order of torsion point z

y -coordinates of point(s) for x

point $[\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$ corresp. to z

complex z such that $p = [\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$

Change of Weierstrass models, using $v = [u, r, s, t]$

change curve E using v

change point z using v

change point z using inverse of v

Twists and isogenies

quadratic twist

n -division polynomial $f_n(x)$

$[n]P = (\phi_n \psi_n : \omega_n : \psi_n^3)$; return (ϕ_n, ψ_n^2)

isogeny from E to E/G

apply isogeny to g (point or isogeny)

Formal group

formal exponential, n terms

formal logarithm, n terms

$L(-x/y) \in \mathbf{Q}_p$; $P \in E(\mathbf{Q}_p)$

$[x, y]$ in the formal group

$[f, g]$, $\omega = f(t)dt$, $x\omega = g(t)dt$

$w = -1/y$ in parameter $-x/y$

<code>E = ellinit(v, {D = 1})</code>	<code>D = 1</code>
	<code>D = p</code>
	<code>D = ffgen([p, f])</code>
	<code>D = O(p^n)</code>
	<code>D = 1.0</code>
	<code>D = nf</code>

`E.roots`

`E.omega, E.eta`

`E.area`

`E.p`

`E.tate`

`E.p`

`E.no, E.cyc, E.gen`

`E.gen`

`ellfromj(j)`

`ellfromeqn(eq)`

`elladd(E, P, Q), ellsub`

`ellneg(E, P)`

`ellmul(E, z, n)`

`ellisoncurve(E, z)`

`ellorder(E, z)`

`ellordinate(E, x)`

`ellztopoint(E, z)`

`ellpointtoz(E, p)`

`v = [u, r, s, t]`

`ellchangecurve(E, v)`

`ellchangepoint(z, v)`

`ellchangepointinv(z, v)`

`elltwist(E, D)`

`elldivpol(E, n, {v})`

`ellxn(E, n, v)`

`ellisogeny(E, G)`

`ellisogenyapply(f, g)`

`ellformalexp(E, {n}, {v})`

`ellformallog(E, {n}, {v})`

`ellpadiclog(E, p, n, P)`

`ellformalpoint(E, {n}, {v})`

`ellformaldifferential`

`ellformalw(E, {n}, {v})`

Curves over finite fields, Pairings

random point on E

`#E(F_q)`

$\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$ with almost prime order

structure $\mathbf{Z}/d_1\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/d_2\mathbf{Z}$ of $E(\mathbf{F}_q)$

is E supersingular?

Weil pairing of m -torsion pts x, y

Tate pairing of x, y ; x m -torsion

Discrete log, find n s.t. $P = [n]Q$

Curves over \mathbf{Q}

Reduction, minimal model

cond, min mod, Tamagawa num $[N, v, c]$

Kodaira type of p -fiber of E

minimal model of E/\mathbf{Q}

quadratic twist of minimal conductor

multiple with good reduction

Complex heights

canonical height of P

canonical bilinear form taken at P, Q

height regulator matrix for pts in x

p -adic heights

cyclotomic p -adic height of $P \in E(\mathbf{Q})$

... bilinear form at $P, Q \in E(\mathbf{Q})$

... matrix at vector of points

Frobenius on $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1(E/\mathbf{Q})$

slope of unit eigenvector of Frobenius

`ellheight(E, P)`

`ellheight(E, P, Q)`

`ellheightmatrix(E, x)`

`ellpadicheight(E, P, n)`

`ellpadicheight(E, P, n, Q)`

`ellpadicheightmatrix(E, p, n, x)`

`ellpadicfrobenius(E, p, n)`

`ellpadics2(E, p, n)`

Isogenous curves

matrix of isogeny degrees for \mathbf{Q} -isog. curves

`ellisomat(E)`

a modular equation of prime degree N

`ellmodulareqn(N)`

L -function

A domain $D = [c, w, h]$ in initialization mean we restrict $s \in \mathbf{C}$ to

domain $|\Re(s) - c| < w$, $|\Im(s)| < h$; $D = [w, h]$ encodes $[1/2, w, h]$

and $[h]$ encodes $D = [1/2, 0, h]$ (critical line up to height h).

p -th coeff a_p of L -function, p prime

`ellap(E, p)`

`ellissupersingular(E, p)`

k -th coeff a_k of L -function

vector of first n a_k 's in L -function

init $L^{(k)}(E, s)$ for $k \leq n$

compute $L(E, s)$ (n -th derivative)

$L(E, s)$ (using less memory than lfun)

$L^{(r)}(E, 1)$ (using less memory than lfun)

a Heegner point on E of rank 1

order of vanishing at 1

root number for $L(E, .)$ at p

torsion subgroup with generators

modular parametrization of E

degree of modular parametrization

p -adic L -function of E at x^s

`ellpadicL(E, p, n, {s = 0})`

Elldata package, Cremona's database:

db code "11a1" \leftrightarrow [conductor, class, index]

generators of Mordell-Weil group

look up E in database

all curves matching criterion

loop over curves with cond. from a to b

`ellconvertname(s)`

`ellgenerators(E)`

`ellidentify(E)`

`ellsearch(N)`

`forell(E, a, b, seq)`

Curves over number field K

$P \in E(K)$ n -divisible? $[n]Q = P$

`ellisdivisible(E, P, n, {&Q})`

Other curves of small genus

A hyperelliptic curve is given by a pair $[P, Q]$ ($y^2 + Qy = P$, $Q^2 + 4P$ squarefree) or a single squarefree polynomial P ($y^2 = P$).

reduction of $y^2 + Qy = P$ (genus 2) $\text{genus2red}([P, Q], \{p\})$

find a rational point on a conic, $t_xGx = 0$ $\text{qfsolve}(G)$

quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p) $\text{hilbert}(x, y, \{p\})$

all solutions in \mathbf{Q}^3 of ternary form

$P, Q \in \mathbf{F}_q[X]$; char. poly. of Frobenius $\text{hyperellcharpoly}([P, Q])$

matrix of Frobenius on $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1$ $\text{hyperellpadicfrobenius}$

Elliptic & Modular Functions

$w = [\omega_1, \omega_2]$ or *ell* struct (*E.omega*), $\tau = \omega_1/\omega_2$.

`agm(x, y)`

elliptic j -function $1/q + 744 + \dots$ $\text{ellj}(x)$

Weierstrass $\sigma/\wp/\zeta$ function $\text{ellsigma}(w, z)$, $\text{ellwp}(w)$, $\text{ellzeta}(w)$

periods/quasi-periods $\text{ellperiods}(E, \{flag\})$, $\text{elleisnum}(w, k, \{flag\})$

$(2i\pi/\omega_2)^k E_k(\tau)$ $\text{ellwp}(w, \{flag\})$

modified Dedekind η func. $\prod(1 - q^n)$ $\text{eta}(x, \{flag\})$

Dedekind sum $s(h, k)$ $\text{sumdedekind}(h, k)$

Jacobi sine theta function $\text{theta}(q, z)$

k -th derivative at $z=0$ of $\text{theta}(q, z)$

Weber's f functions $\text{thetanull1k}(q, k)$

modular pol. of level N $\text{polmodular}(N, \{inv = j\})$

Hilbert class polynomial for $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$ $\text{polclass}(D, \{inv = j\})$

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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